1 BEFORE THE SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD 2 STATE OF WASHINGTON IN THE MATTER OF A SHORELINE SUBSTANTIAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT DENIED BY SAN JUAN COUNTY TO MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART, MR. & MRS. ROBERT H. HAWES, MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART III, JEFFREY K. HART & STEVEN M. HART, SHB No. 83-7 MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART, FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, MR. & MRS. ROBERT M. HAWES, MR. & MPS. HARRISON J. HART III, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW JEFFREY K. HART & STEVEN M. HART, AND ORDER 9 Appellants, 10 ν. 11 SAN JUAN COUNTY, 12 'Respondent. 13 This matter, the request for review of a denial of an application 14 for a substantial development permit came before the Shorelines 16 Hearings Board, David Akana (presiding), Gayle Rothrock, Chairman, 17 Handy R. Burnett, A. M. O'Meara and Lawrence J. Faulk at a hearing in Friday Harbor on July 28, 1983.

5 1 NO 9928-08-04"

Appellants were represented by their attorney, Jerry Spoonemore; respondent was represented by Gene Knapp, Prosecuting Attorney. Court reporter Betty Koharski recorded the proceeding.

Having heard or read the testimony, having examined the exhibits, and having considered the contentions of the parties, the Board makes these

FINDINGS OF FACT

I

This matter involves the proposed construction of a 139 foot dock on lots 57 and 58 of Friday Island Estates Plat on Friday Island. Friday Island is a heavily wooded 3/4 mile long, 80 acre island located near Friday Harbor, San Juan Island.

Priday Island Estates completely covers Priday Island. The plat was approved before the master program for San Juan County became effective. It is a residential and recreational subdivision containing 60 single-family waterfront lots, a wooded common area, a community dock and facilities, and a gravel road to each lot. No automobiles are allowed on the island, except for vehicles used during construction activities, a fire truck, and a caretaker vehicle. Land access on the island is by golf carts or by walking. Land access to the Hawes/Hart lots is on a 0.4 mile walk or ride over a rolling gravel road. Nater access to the island is by watercraft to the community dock, or for some 15 lots, to a private dock. Not every lot can have a dock because of steep exposed cliffs and weather exposure.

There are presently 34 homes on the island. Seventy-eight boats

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I are now based on the island, of which eight are permanently moored lelsewhere.

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In September 1982, appellants Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hart, Jim and Kit Hart, Jeff Hart, Steven Hart (lot 57) and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hawes (1ot 58) applied for a substantial development permit to build a dock to serve two single-family lots. (Application No. 24 5J 82.) proposed dock would consist of a 40 foot pier, a 40 foot ramp, and two 25 foot by 8 foot floats laid end-to-end. The drawing discloses that 10 pilings would be driven.

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Appellants unsuccessfully sought the use of an existing dock serving lots 54, 55, and 56 to the west. The applicants also sent notice to the adjoining owner to the east (lots 59 and 60) Who declined to participate in a joint use dock. A total of seven lots were considered for joint use of an existing or a proposed dock.

The appellants entered into a joint use agreement to build, use and maintain the proposed dock.

 $\vec{\mathbf{v}}$

A declaration of nonsignificance was issued by the county planning department.

VΙ

If constructed and used as described, the dock is not, by itself, alleged to have adverse environmental effects. However, the cumulative impact of many such small docks could be adverse.

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, LUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER SHB No. 83-7

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In May, 1981, Friday Island Estates Maintenance Commission, through R. M. Hawes, applied for a permit to double the available moorage space of the community moorage facility located on the southwest side of the island. The application covered the anticipated moorage needs for the foreseeable future. Each of the 60 lots in the plat was allowed 16 feet of moorage space. The expanded facility was expected to preclude the need for additional individual docks to serve lot owners.

The community dock expansion was completed except for the construction of 6 deep keel moorage spaces. The cost of expansion to date is \$35,000.

The community dock has always had space available for mooring owners' watercraft. This moorage availability experience has occurred despite a "first come, first served" policy of the community facility.

IIIV

The Harts and Hawes collectively own seven motorized and non-motorized boats of various sizes. The private moorage sought would provide them with direct access to their properties and respective houses and allow moorage of four or five of their seven boats. Police, fire and other governmental services from Friday Harbor would be more accessible to their properties.

IX

The San Juan County Shoreline Haster Program (as amended) (SMP) provides regulations for piers and docks (Section 5.08). The regulations

provide a preference for multiple use and escansion of existing 2 facilities, mooring buoys, and moorage floats over new docks and 3 Section 5.08 (1, 2 and 3). It was uncontroverted that moorage piers. buoys and floats were not always feacible at the instant site because 5 of the debris and rocky shore. It was not shown that the expanded 6 existing facilities at the community dock did not provide the access 7 commonly associated with island living. It was shown that the 8 proposed dock would provide use for two single-family lots. 9 Х 10

Section 5.08(4) of the SMP regulations provides:

prescribed by the Administrator.

Applications for non-exempt docks and piers associated with single-family residences shall not be approved until:

- a. It can be shown by the applicant that existing facilities are not adequate or feasible for use;
 b. alternative moorage is not adequate or feasible;
 c. the possibility of a multiple-owner or multiple-user facility has been thoroughly
- investigated.

 d. the applicant shall have the burden of providing the information requested for items a, b and c above, and shall provide this information in a manner
- e. Applicants who contemplate shared dock facilities shall submit a written agreement to be used with the proposed dock users, indicating the terms of multiple use, the proportion of shared constiction costs and upkeep costs and liability. This will be sent by certified mail by the applicant to his neighbors with his letter of intention and request for information on the possibility of joint use; with 30 days for response by certified mail.

The provision effectively prohibits non-exempt docks and piers associated with single-family residences unless an applicant meets items a, b and c. The community doct provides adequate facilities to

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER SHB No. 83-7

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service the entire plat of Friday Island Estates. Item "a" was therefore not met. Alternative moorage by buoys or floats is not always feasible as earlier discussed. Item "b" was met. Appellants substantially complied with the multiple owner/user investigation requirement of item "c." The proposed dock is a multiple owner/user facility investigated over seven lots.

IX

Section 5.08(8) of the SMP regulations, which applies to waterfront subdivisions approved after the effective date of the SMP, is not applicable to this case. The regulation makes clear, nowever, that such subdivisions shall use a single, joint use moorage facility unless conditions prevent it. Individual docks and piers in such a subdivision are prohibited, unless conditions warrant more than one moorage facility.

XII

The policy for docks and piers in section 5.08(6) declares an intent to spare the county from the "porcupine effect" created by many private docks and piers on the same shoreline by preferring private community structures and joint use of a single structure.

XIII

Any Conclusion of Law which should be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings the Board comes to the following

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FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER SHB No. 83-7

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

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SHB No. 83-7

The Shoreline Management Act (50A) provides that a permit shall issue when the development proposed is contistent with the applicable master program and the provisions of the SMA. RCW 90.58.180(2)(b).

ΙI

The proposed substantial development was not shown to be consistent with the SMP regulations, Section 5.08(1 and 4(a)).

III

The proposed substantial development, being inconsistent with the SMP, is inconsistent with the provisions of the SMA. It is apparent that the county has a planned, rational SNP addressing piers and docks on its shorelines. It is not this Board's function to ignore the explicit provision of the SMP in order to seize a result. Rather, the Board must follow the applicable law - If a particular result was not intended, the proper procedure is to amend the law, in this instance, the SMP. However, we are convinced that the county fully intended that the SMP have this result, and conclude that its action chould be affirmed.

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Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such

Prom these Conclusions the Board enters this

FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF DAW & ORDER

1	ORDER
2	The action of the San Juan County denying Substantial Development
3	Permit Application Number 24 SJ 82 is affirmed.
4	Permit Application Number 24 SJ 82 is affirmed. ついだの人がん DATED this //c day of August, 1983.
5	SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD
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7	David abana DAVID AKANA, Lawyer Member
8	DAVID ANANA, Lawyer Hember
9	Lade Rothrock)
10	GAYLE ROTHROCK, Chairman
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12	NANCY R. BURNETT, Hember
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14	RI WILL
15	RODNEY 11. NERSLAKE, Member
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	FINAL FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW & ORDER
27	SHB No. 83-7 -8-

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BEFORE THE
                           SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD
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                              STATE OF WASHINGTON
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   IN THE MATTER OF A SHORELINE
   SUBSTANTIAL DEVELOPMENT PERMIT
   DENIED BY SAN JUAN COUNTY TO
   MR, & MRS. HARRISON J. HART,
   MR. & MRS. ROBERT M. HAWES,
   MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART III,
   JEFFREY K. HART & STEVEN H. HART,
                                                 SIIB No. 83-7
   MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART,
                                                PINAL FINDINGS OF FACT,
   MR. & MRS. ROBERT M. HAWES,
   MR. & MRS. HARRISON J. HART III,
                                                CONCLUSIONS OF LAW
                                                AND ORDER
   JEFFREY K. HART & STEVEN M. HART,
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                                                (MINORITY OPINION)
                 Appellants,
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   SAN JUAN COUNTY,
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                 Respondent.
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       This matter, the request for review of a denial of an application
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   for a substantial development permit came before the Shorelines
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   Hearings Board, David Akana (presiding), Gayle Rothrock, Chairman,
   Nancy R. Burnett, A. M. O'Meara and Lawrence J. Faulk at a hearing in
17
  Friday Harbor on July 28, 1983.
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Appellants were represented by their attorney, Jerry Spoonemore; respondent was represented by Gene Knapp, Prosecuting Attorney. Court reporter Betty Koharski recorded the proceeding.

Having heard the testimony, having examined the exhibits, and having considered the contentions of the parties, the Board makes these FINDINGS OF FACT

I

This matter involves the proposed construction of a 139 foot dock on lots 57 and 58 of Friday Island Estates Plat on Friday Island. Friday Island is a heavily wooded 3/4 mile long, 80 acre island located near Friday Harbor, San Juan Island. The proposed dock would be situated northwest of an existing dock between lots 55 and 54. Appellant has demonstrated that the dock has been designed to minimize the visual impact from it in this shoreline.

ΙI

Friday Island Estates completely covers Friday Island. The plat was approved before the master program for San Juan County became effective. It is a residential and recreational subdivision containing 60 single-family waterfront lots, a wooded common area, a community dock and facilities, and a gravel road to each lot. No automobiles are allowed on the island, except for vehicles used during construction activities, a fire truck, and a caretaker vehicle. Land access on the island is by golf carts or by walking. Land access to the Hawes/Hart lots is on a 0.4 mile walk or ride over a rolling gravel road. Water access to the island is by water-raft to the

MINORITY OPINION SHB No. 83-7

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1 (community dock. In addition there are approximately fifteen private docks on Friday Island. Testimony indicated that these people also utilize the community dock. Approximately one-half the lots will not be able to build docks because of steep exposed cliffs and weather exposure.

There are presently 34 homes on the island. Seventy-eight boats are now based on the island, of which eight are permanently moored elsewhere. Priday Island is designated a suburban environment by the San Juan Shoreline Master Program (SJSMP).

III

On September 21, 1982, appellants Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hart, Jim and Kit Hart, Jeff Hart, Steven Hart (lot 57) and Hr. and Mrs. Robert Hawes (lot 58) applied for a substantial development permit to build a dock to serve two single-family lots. (Application No. 24 SJ 82.) The proposed dock would consist of a 40 foot pier, a 40 foot ramp, and two 25 foot by 8 foot floats laid end-to-end. The drawing discloses that 10 pilings would be driven.

ΞV

Appellants unsuccessfully sought the use of an existing dock serving lots 54, 55, and 56 to the west. The applicants also sent notice to the adjoining owner to the east (lots 59 and 60) who declined to participate in a joint use dock. However both parties on either side of appellant's property support (Ir. Hart's project total of seven lots were considered for joint use of an existing or a proposed dock.

MINORITY OPINION SHB No. 83-7

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The appellants entered into a joint use agreement to build, use and maintain the proposed dock.

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A declaration of nonsignificance was issued by the county planning department. On January 18, 1983, the application was denied by the county commissioners. From this action the appellants appealed to this Board on February 17, 1983.

VI

If constructed and used as described, the dock is not, by itself, alleged to have adverse environmental effects. However, some people think that the cumulative impact of many such small docks could be adverse.

VII

The Board of County Commissioners denied issuance of subject permit for a number of reasons. One of those reasons was the fact that they had previously granted a permit (Application No. 105J81) to Friday Island Estates for expansion of the community docks and were left with the impression that this expansion would serve the moorage needs of Friday Island. However this specific point was never discussed by either of the parties at the time. Testimony and site inspection on July 28, 1983, showed that the location of their property precluded use by appellant of the community dock and that no local access was reserved to allow appellant access to other docks in the area; nor was any provision made in the community dock permit which would require appellant to utilize the moorage space at the community dock.

VIII

The Harts and Hawes collectively own seven motorized and non-motorized boats of various sizes. The private moorage sought would provide them with direct access to their properties and respective houses and allow moorage of four or five of their seven boats. Police, fire and other governmental services from Friday Harbor would be more accessible to their properties.

ΪX

The San Juan County Shoreline Master Program (as amended) (SMP) provides regulations for piers and docks (Section 5.08). The regulations provide a preference for multiple use and expansion of existing facilities, mooring buoys, and moorage floats over new docks and piers. Section 5.08 (1, 2 and 3). It was uncontroverted that moorage buoys and floats were not feasible at this site because of the debris and rocky shore. It was not shown that the expanded existing facilities at the community dock provided reasonable access to the two lots for which application is made. It was shown that the proposed joint use dock would provide use for two single-family lots.

Х

Section 5.08(4) of the SMP regulations provides:

Applications for non-exempt docks and piers associated with single-family residences shall not be approved until:

a. It can be shown by the applicant that existing facilities are not adequate or feasible for use; b. alternative moorage is not adequate or feasible; c. the possibility of a multiple-owner or multiple-user facility has been thoroughly investigated.

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- d. the applicant shall have the burden of providing the information requested for items a, b and c above, and shall provide this information in a manner prescribed by the Administrator.
- e. Applicants who contemplate shared dock facilities shall submit a written agreement to be used with the proposed dock users, indicating the terms of multiple use, the proportion of shared constuction costs and upkeep costs and liability. This will be sent by certified mail by the applicant to his neighbors with his letter of intention and request for information on the possibility of joint use; with 30 days for response by certified mail.

These provisions effectively prohibit non-exempt docks and piers associated with single-family residences unless an applicant meets items a, b and c. The community dock is not feasible to service the two lots for which application is made because of their location. Item "a" was therefore met. Alternative moorage by buoys or floats is not feasible as earlier discussed. Item "b" was met. Appellants substantially complied with the multiple owner/user investigation requirement of item "c." The proposed dock is a multiple owner/user facility investigated over seven lots.

ΧI

The policy for docks and piers in section 5.08(6) declares an intent to spare the county from the "porcupine effect" created by many private docks and piers on the same shoreline by preferring private community structures and joint use of a single structure. However the Board finds that the commissioner's unstated "intention" as expressed in the granting of the community dock application is insufficient to consititute an impediment to appellant's application and the granting of a substantial development permit.

MINORITY OPINION SHB No. 83-7

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XII

Any Conclusion of Law which should be deemed a Finding of Fact is hereby adopted as such.

From these Findings the Board comes to the Sollowing CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Ι

The Shoreline Management Act (SMA) provides that a permit shall issue when the development proposed is consistent with the applicable master program and the provisions of the SMA. RCW 90.58.180(2)(b).

The proposed substantial development was shown to be consistent with the SMP regulations, Section 5.08(1 and 4(a)).

III

The proposed substantial development, being consistent with the SMP, is therefore inconsistent with the provisions of the SMA. It is apparent that the county has a SMP addressing givers and docks on its shorelines. We agree with the majority that it is not this Board's function to ignore the provisions of the SMP in order to seize a result, and that the Board must follow the applicable law. Nowever in this case the conditions and provisions of the community dock permit are insufficient reasons in and of themselves to prevent Mr. Hart from receiving a permit. Mr. Hart was not an applicant in the community dock application, nor was the community dock permit sufficiently conditioned to require Mr. Hart and Mr. Hawen to utilize moorage at the community dock. Further we believe the application filed with San

MINORITY OPINION SHE NO. 83-7

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Juan County is complete in all respects as a joint use dock, which is permitted in a suburban environment and as such meets the requirements of local ordinance and state law. ΙV Any Finding of Fact which should be deemed a Conclusion of Law is hereby adopted as such. From these Conclusions the Board enters this ORDER The decision of the San Juan County Commissioners in regard to the substantial development permit of Mr. Harrison J. Hart is reversed and the matter is remanded to the County for permit issuance consistent with this decision. DATED this $19^{\frac{1}{2}}$ day of September, 1983. SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD

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MINORITY OPINION

SHB No. 83-7

ADDENDUM TO MAJORITY OPINION.

The minority opinion homors the majority with the liberal use of its opinion. However, factual perceptions and conclusions separate the results. The evidentary facts upon which the majority bases its opinion can be found in the record.

DATED this $19^{\frac{1}{2}}$ day of September, 1983.

SHORELINES HEARINGS BOARD

DAVID AKANA

ADDENDUM SHB No. 83-7

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